

I1 (2/3/09) Grup 1

Grup 1 A

1 $\frac{(x-2)^2}{3} + \frac{14x-5}{6} = \frac{11}{6}$

2 $3x^2 + 5x = 0$

3 $2x + 3 + 2(x - 1) = 2x^2 + 4(x - 2)$

Grup 1 B

1 $\frac{x-2}{3} + \frac{x^2+3}{2} = 1 - \frac{2x^2}{6}$

2 $5x^2 - 45 = 0$

3 $2x^2 - 3(x + 2) = 6 - 3x$